

## Avansee™ Preload1P / Avansee™ Preload1P Clear

## Overview

Présentation / Überblick / Panoramica / Overzicht / Opis ogólny / Обзор / Vista general

1

Kowa original injector (preloaded IOL)  
 Injecteur original Kowa (LIO préchargée)  
 Kowa Original-Injektor (vorgeladene IOL)  
 Inietttore originale Kowa (IOL precaricata)  
 Kowa originele injector (vooraf geladen IOL)  
 Oryginalny wstrzykiwacz firmy Kowa  
 (z fabrycznie załadowaną soczewką wewnątrzgałkową)  
 Оригинальный инъектор Kowa  
 (с предварительно загруженной ИОЛ)  
 Injector original Kowa (LIO precargada)

Preloaded IOL (inside)  
 LIO préchargée (à l'intérieur)  
 Vorgeladene IOL (innen)  
 IOL precaricata (interno)  
 Vooraf geladen IOL (binnen)  
 Fabrycznie załadowana soczewka wewnątrzgałkowa (w środku)  
 Предварительно загруженная ИОЛ (внутри)  
 LIO precargada (interior)

Inlet  
 Orifice  
 Einlass  
 Tubo di ingresso  
 Inlaatoopening  
 Otwór  
 Порт  
 Toma de entrada

Nozzle  
 Embout  
 Injektorspitze  
 Ugello  
 Spuitmond  
 Dysza  
 Насадка  
 Boquilla

Kowa mark  
 Marque Kowa  
 Kowa-Markierung  
 Contrassegno Kowa  
 Kowa-merk  
 Znak Kowa  
 Логотип Kowa  
 Marca Kowa

Original injector  
 Injecteur original  
 Original-Injektor  
 Inietttore originale  
 Originale injector  
 Oryginalny wstrzykiwacz  
 Оригинальный инъектор  
 Injector original

Plunger  
 Piston  
 Kolben  
 Stantuffo  
 Zuiger  
 Tłok  
 Поршень  
 Êmbolo

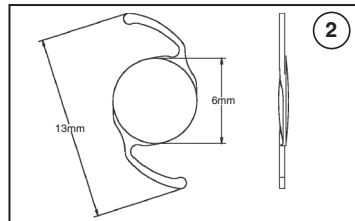
Injector body  
 Corps de l'injecteur  
 Injektorgehäuse  
 Corpo dell'inietttore  
 Hoofddeel injector  
 Korpus wstrzykiwacza  
 Корпус инъектора  
 Cuerpo del inyector

Cap  
 Capsule  
 Kappe  
 Sarruccio  
 Lid  
 Nasadka  
 Крышка  
 Tapa

Lens stage  
 Support de stockage de la lentille  
 Linsenhalter  
 Sicura della lente  
 Lenspatroon  
 Osłona soczewki  
 Держатель линзы  
 Plataforma de la lente

## Specification

Spécifications / technische Beschreibung / Specifiche / Specificatie / Спецификация / Спецификация / Especificaciones



Physical characteristics of the lens of YP2.2 / CP2.2  
 Caractéristiques physiques de la lentille de YP2.2 / CP2.2  
 Physikalische Eigenschaften der Linse YP2.2 / CP2.2  
 Caratteristiche fisiche della lente di YP2.2 / CP2.2  
 Fysiske eigenschappen van de lens van de YP2.2 / CP2.2  
 Fizyczna charakterystyka soczewki YP2.2 / CP2.2  
 Физические характеристики линзы YP2.2 / CP2.2  
 Características físicas de la lente de YP2.2 / CP2.2

**CHARACTERISTICS:**  
**Model YP2.2 (Yellow Type) / CP2.2 (Clear Type)**  
**OPTIC**  
 Material: Soft acrylic (UV-absorbing acrylic resin)  
 Colour: Yellow (YP2.2), Clear (CP2.2)  
 UV cutoff at 10% T: 409 nm (+20.0 dioptre lens of YP2.2), 397 nm (+20.0 dioptre lens of CP2.2)  
 Index of Refraction: 1.519 (35 °C)  
 Configuration: Biconvex  
 Power: +6.0 through +26.0 dioptre; +6.0 to +10.0 dioptre powers in +1.0 dioptre increments; +10.0 to +26.0 dioptre powers in +0.5 dioptre increments  
**HAPTICS**  
 Configuration: Modified-C  
 Material: Soft acrylic (UV-absorbing acrylic resin)  
 Colour: Yellow (YP2.2), Clear (CP2.2)

**CHARACTERISTICS:**  
**Model YP2.2 (Type Jaune) / CP2.2 (Type Transparent)**  
**OPTIQUE**  
 Matériau : Acrylique pliable (résine d'acrylique absorbant les UV)  
 Couleur : Jaune (YP2.2), Transparent (CP2.2)  
 Réduction des UV à 10 % T : 409 nm (lentille de +20,0 dioptries de YP2.2), 397 nm (lentille de +20,0 dioptries de CP2.2)  
 Indice de réfraction : 1,519 (35 °C)  
 Configuration : Biconvexe  
 Puissance : de + 6,0 à + 26,0 dioptries; de + 6,0 à + 10,0 dioptries par accroissement de + 1,0 dioptrie; de + 10,0 à + 26,0 dioptries par accroissement de + 0,5 dioptrie  
**HAPTIQUE**  
 Configuration : C modifié  
 Matériau : Acrylique pliable (résine d'acrylique absorbant les UV)  
 Couleur : Jaune (YP2.2), Transparent (CP2.2)

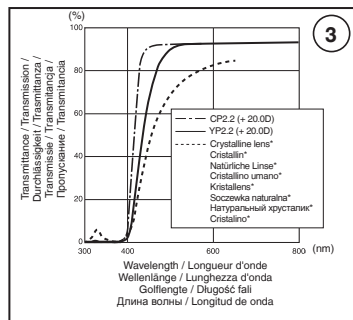
**EIGENSCHAFTEN:**  
**Modell YP2.2 (Gelb-Typ) / CP2.2 (Klarer Typ)**  
**OPTIK**  
 Material: Weichacryl (UV-absorbierendes Acrylharz)  
 Farbe: Gelb (YP2.2), Klarer (CP2.2)  
 UV-Reduzierung bei 10% T: 409 nm (+20,0 Dioptrien-Linse von YP2.2), 397 nm (+20,0 Dioptrien-Linse von CP2.2)  
 Brechungsindex: 1,519 (35 °C)  
 Konfiguration: Bikonvex  
 Stärke: +6,0 bis +26,0 Dioptrien; +6,0 bis +10,0 Dioptrien in Schritten von +1,0 Dioptrien; +10,0 bis +26,0 Dioptrien in Schritten von +0,5 Dioptrien  
**HAPTIK**  
 Konfiguration: Modifiziertes „C“  
 Material: Weichacryl (UV-absorbierendes Acrylharz)  
 Farbe: Gelb (YP2.2), Klarer (CP2.2)  
**CHARACTERISTICHE:**  
**Modello YP2.2 (tipo Giallo) / CP2.2 (tipo Transparente)**  
**OPTICA**  
 Material: Acrilico suave (resina acrilica que absorbe los rayos UV)  
 Color: Amarillo (YP2.2), Transparente (CP2.2)  
 Bloqueo UV a 10 % T: 409 nm (lente de +20,0 dioptrias de YP2.2), 397 nm (lente de +20,0 dioptrias de CP2.2)  
 Índice de refracción: 1,519 (35 °C)

**OTTICA**  
 Materiale: Acrilico morbido (resina acrilica con filtro UV)  
 Colore: Giallo (YP2.2), Transparente (CP2.2)  
 Taglio UV al 10% T: 409 nm (lente da +20,0 diottrie del modello YP2.2), 397 nm (lente da +20,0 diottrie del modello CP2.2)  
 Indice di rifrazione: 1,519 (35 °C)  
 Configurazione: Biconvessa  
 Potere: da +6,0 a +26,0 diottrie; da +6,0 a +10,0 diottrie in incrementi di +1,0 diottrie; da 10,0 a +26,0 diottrie in incrementi di +0,5 diottrie  
**APTICHE**  
 Configurazione: Modificata a C  
 Materiale: Acrilico morbido (resina acrilica con filtro UV)  
 Colore: Giallo (YP2.2), Transparente (CP2.2)

**EIGENSCHAFTEN:**  
**Model YP2.2 (Geel type) / CP2.2 (kleurloze type)**  
**OPTISCH GEDEELTE**  
 Materiaal: zacht acryl (UV-absorbierende acrylhars)  
 Kleur: Geel (YP2.2), kleurloze (CP2.2)  
 UV-overgang bij 10% T: 409 nm (+20,0-dioptriëns van YP2.2), 397 nm (+20,0-dioptriëns van CP2.2)  
 Brekingsindex: 1,519 (35 °C)  
 Configuratie: biconvex  
 Sterkte: +6,0 tot +26,0 dioptrie; +6,0 tot +10,0 dioptrie sterke in sterke toename met +1,0 per stap; +10,0 tot +26,0 dioptrie sterke in sterke toename met +0,5 per stap  
**HAPTISCH GEDEELTE**  
 Configuratie: gemodificeerde C  
 Materiaal: zacht acryl (UV-absorbierende acrylhars)  
 Kleur: Geel (YP2.2), kleurloze (CP2.2)

**CHARACTERYSTYKA:**  
**Model YP2.2 (typ Żółty) / CP2.2 (typ bezbarwny)**  
**CZĘŚĆ OPTYCZNA**  
 Materiał: Miękki akryl (żywica akrylowa pochłaniająca promienie UV)  
 Kolor: Żółty (YP2.2), bezbarwny (CP2.2)  
 Odciecie UV: 10% T: 409 nm (soczewki YP2.2, o mocy +20,0 dioptrii), 397 nm (soczewki CP2.2, o mocy +20,0 dioptrii)  
 Indeks refrakcji: 1,519 (35 °C)  
 Konfiguracja: Obustronnie wypukła  
 Moc: od +6,0 do +26,0 dioptrii; od +6,0 do +10,0 dioptrii w odstępach co +1,0 dioptrii; od +10,0 do +26,0 dioptrii w odstępach co +0,5 dioptrii  
**CZĘŚĆ HAPTYCZNA**  
 Konfiguracja: Zmodyfikowana pętla C  
 Materiał: Miękki akryl (żywica akrylowa pochłaniająca promienie UV)  
 Kolor: Żółty (YP2.2), bezbarwny (CP2.2)

**ХАРАКТЕРИСТИКИ:**  
**Модель YP2.2 (желтый тип) / CP2.2 (прозрачный тип)**  
**ОПТИЧЕСКИЙ ЭЛЕМЕНТ**  
 Материал: мягкий акрил (акриловая смола, поглощающая УФ лучи)  
 Цвет: желтый (YP2.2), прозрачная (CP2.2)  
 Отсечка УФ с 10 % T: 409 нм (линза +20,0 диоптрий для YP2.2), 397 нм (линза +20,0 диоптрий для CP2.2)  
 Коэффициент преломления: 1,519 (35 °C)  
 Конфигурация: двояковыпуклая  
 Сила преломления: от +6,0 до +26,0 диоптрий; от +6,0 до +10,0 диоптрий с шагом +1,0 диоптрия; от +10,0 до +26,0 диоптрий с шагом +0,5 диоптрий  
**ГАПТИЧЕСКИЙ ЭЛЕМЕНТ**  
 Конфигурация: Измененная С-образная  
 Материал: мягкий акрил (акриловая смола, поглощающая УФ лучи)  
 Цвет: Желтый (YP2.2), прозрачная (CP2.2)  
**CHARACTERÍSTICAS:**  
**Modelo YP2.2 (tipo Amarillo) / CP2.2 (tipo Transparente)**  
**ÓPTICA**  
 Material: Acrilico suave (resina acrilica que absorbe los rayos UV)  
 Color: Amarillo (YP2.2), Transparente (CP2.2)  
 Bloqueo UV a 10 % T: 409 nm (lente de +20,0 dioptrias de YP2.2), 397 nm (lente de +20,0 dioptrias de CP2.2)  
 Índice de refracción: 1,519 (35 °C)



Configuración: Biconvexa  
 Potencia: +6.0 hasta +26.0 dioptrias; +6.0 hasta +10.0 potencias de dioptria en incrementos de +1.0 dioptrias; +10.0 hasta +26.0 potencias de dioptria en incrementos de +0.5 dioptrias  
**HÁPTICOS**  
 Configuración: C modificada  
 Material: Acrilico suave (resina acrilica que absorbe los rayos UV)  
 Color: Amarillo (YP2.2), Transparente (CP2.2)  
 Spectral transmittance curves (% of Transmittance)  
 Courbes de transmission spectrale (% de transmission)  
 Spektrale Transmissionskurven (% der Durchlässigkeit)  
 Curve di trasmittanza spettrale (% trasmittanza)  
 Kromme van spectrale transmissie (% aan transmissie)  
 Krzywe transmitancji widmowej (% transmitancji)  
 Кривые спектра пропускания (% пропускания)  
 Curvas de transmitancia espectral (% de transmitancia)

Figure 3 displays the typical spectral transmittance curves for YP2.2 / CP2.2 with a dioptric power of +20.0 together with the spectral transmittance curve\* for the phakic eye of a 53-year-old patient.

La Figure 3 montre les courbes de transmission spectrale types pour YP2.2 / CP2.2 avec une puissance dioptrique de +20,0 ainsi que la courbe de transmission spectrale\* de l'œil phaque d'un patient de 53 ans.

Abbildung 3 zeigt die typischen Lichtdurchlässigkeitskurven für YP2.2 / CP2.2 mit einem Brechwert von +20,0, zusammen mit der Lichtdurchlässigkeitskurve\* für das phakische Auge eines 53-jährigen Patienten.

La Figura 3 muestra la típica curva de trasmittanza spettrale dei modelli YP2.2 / CP2.2 con un potere diottrico di +20,0 diottrie unitamente alla curva di trasmittanza spettrale\* di un occhio fatico di un paziente di 53 anni.

Afbeelding 3 toont de karakteristieke spectrale-transmittanciecurven voor YP2.2 / CP2.2 met een dioptriesterke van +20,0 en de spectrale-transmissiecurve\* voor het fake oog van een 53 jaar oude patiënt.

Na rys. 3 przedstawiono typowe krzywe transmitancji widmowej dla modeli YP2.2 / CP2.2 o mocy +20,0 dioptrii z krzywą transmitancji widmowej\* dla oka bezsoczewkowego u 53-letniego pacjenta.

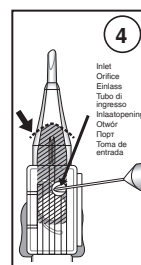
Na rysunku 3 pokazany typowe krzywe spektra przepuszczenia YP2.2 / CP2.2 z optyczną siłą +20,0 wraz z krzywą spektra przepuszczenia\* fazykicznego oka 53-letniego pacjenta.

La Figura 3 muestra las curvas de transmitancia espectral típicas para YP2.2 / CP2.2 con una potencia de dioptrias de +20,0. También muestra la curva de transmitancia espectral\* para el ojo fático de un paciente de 53 años de edad.

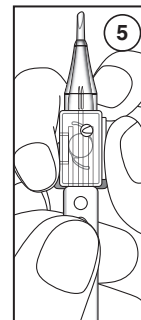
\*E. A. Boettner and J. R. Wolter, "Transmission of the Ocular Media", *Investigative Ophthalmology*, Vol. 1, No. 6, 776-783, 1962.

## How to use

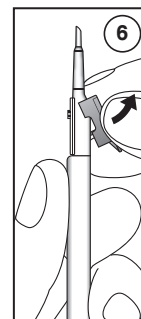
Utilisation / Verwendung / Utilizzo / Hoe te gebruiken / Instrukcja obsługi / Инструкция по применению / Modo de empleo



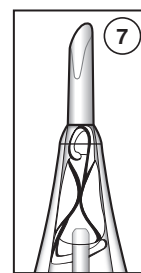
OVD insertion into the inlet.  
 Insertion d'OVD dans l'orifice.  
 Einbringen des OVD in den Einlass.  
 Inserimento dell'OVD nel tubo di ingresso.  
 OVM-plaatsing in de inlaatoopening.  
 Wprowadzanie OVD do otworu.  
 Введение ОВИ в порт.  
 Inserción de OVD en la toma de entrada.



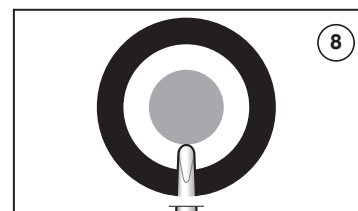
Supporting the injector body.  
 Maintien du corps de l'injecteur.  
 Halten des Injektorgehäuses.  
 Sostegno del corpo dell'inietttore.  
 Het hoofddeel van de injector ondersteunen.  
 Podpieranie korpusu wstrzykiwacza.  
 Удержание корпуса инъектора.  
 Cómo sostener el cuerpo del inyector.



Removal of the lens stage.  
 Retrait du support de stockage de la lentille.  
 Entfernen des Linsenhalters.  
 Rimozione della sicura della lente.  
 Verwijdering van de lenspatroon.  
 Zdejmowanie osłony soczewki.  
 Удаление держателя линзы.  
 Retirada de la plataforma de la lente.



Moving the IOL forward.  
 Progression de la LIO vers l'avant.  
 Vorschieben der IOL.  
 Avanzamento della IOL.  
 De IOL voorwaarts bewegen.  
 Przesuwanie soczewki wewnątrzgałkowej do przodu.  
 Продвижение ИОЛ вперед.  
 Movimiento de la LIO hacia delante.



Insertion of the nozzle tip with the bevel down through an incision to just before the central pupillary area.

Insertion de l'extrémité de l'embout (partie biseautée vers le bas) à travers une incision juste avant la zone centrale de la pupille.

Einsetzen der Injektorspitze mit der Abflachung nach unten durch einen Einschnitt direkt vor den zentralen Pupillenbereich.

Inserimento della punta smussata dell'ugello attraverso un'incisione praticata appena davanti all'area centrale della pupilla.

Inbrengen van de spuitmond met de schuine rand aan de onderkant door een incisie tot net voor het centrale gebied van de pupil.

Wprowadzanie końcówki dyszy skosem w dół przez nacięcie tuż przed centralnym obszarem źrenicy.

Введение через разрез кончика насадки, повернутого срезом вниз, прямо перед центральной областью зрачка.

Inserción de la punta de la boquilla con el bisel invertido a través de una incisión justo delante de zona pupilar central.

品名	アバンシプリロード1P CLEARカイトン	制作日	2016.7.4	MC	色	スミアミ	トラップ
本コード	0582-0799-60	校	作業者印	AC	調		( )
仮コード		3校	野口				角度
						朝日印刷株式会社	p6mb9 APP.TB

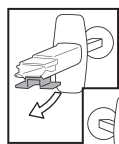
## Avansee™ Preload1P / Avansee™ Preload1P Clear

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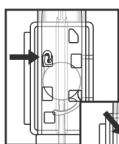
## ENGLISH

**X Do Not**

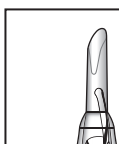
À ne pas faire / Verbote / Divieti / Nooit / Przeciwwskazania / Запрещается / No



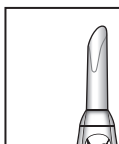
- 9 DO NOT twist laterally when removing the lens stage.  
NE PAS provoquer de torsion latérale lors du retrait du support de stockage de la lentille.  
Linsenhalter beim Entfernen NICHT seitlich drehen.  
NON ruotare lateralmente durante la rimozione della sicura della lente.  
NIET zijaarst draaien bij verwijdering van de lenspatroon.  
NIE odginać na bok podczas zdejmowania osłony soczewki.  
При извлечении держателя линзы ЗАПРЕЩАЕТСЯ поворачивать его в стороны.  
NO torcer lateralmente al retirar la plataforma de la lente.



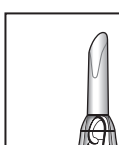
- 10 DO NOT use – should haptic become deformed or protrude.  
NE PAS utiliser – si l'haptique est déformé ou dépasse.  
NICHT verwenden – Haptik verformt oder ragt heraus.  
NON utilizzare in caso di deformazione o di protrusione di un'aptica.  
NIET gebruiken – indien het haptisch deel vervormd raakt of vooruit steekt.  
NIE używać: jeżeli część haptyczna uległa odkształceniu lub wystaje.  
НЕ ИСПОЛЬЗУЙТЕ, если гаптический элемент деформирован или выступает.  
NO utilizar – si el háptico se deformara o sobresaliese.



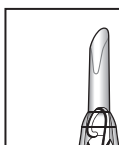
- 11 DO NOT use – leading haptic twisted and extended forward.  
NE PAS utiliser – si l'haptique antérieur est tordu et s'étend vers l'avant.  
NICHT verwenden – vordere Haptik verdreht und nach vorne gestreckt.  
NON utilizzare – aptica di testa ruotata e allungata in avanti.  
NIET gebruiken – voorste haptisch deel verdraaid en steekt vooruit.  
NIE używać: przednia część haptyczna skrecona i wyciągnięta ku przodowi.  
НЕ ИСПОЛЬЗУЙТЕ, если передний гаптический элемент перекручен и выступает вперед.  
NO utilizar – háptico delantero torcido y extendido hacia delante.



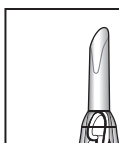
- 12 DO NOT use – leading haptic bent or stretched out.  
NE PAS utiliser – si l'haptique antérieur est courbé ou dépasse.  
NICHT verwenden – vordere Haptik verbogen oder nach außen gestreckt.  
NON utilizzare – aptica di testa piegata o distesa.  
NIET gebruiken – voorste haptisch deel verbogen of gerek.  
NIE używać: przednia część haptyczna zgięta lub rozciągnięta.  
НЕ ИСПОЛЬЗУЙТЕ, если передний гаптический элемент изогнут или вытянут.  
NO utilizar – háptico delantero doblado o extendido.



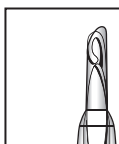
- 13 DO NOT use – trailing haptic extended out.  
NE PAS utiliser – si l'haptique postérieur est détendu.  
NICHT verwenden – hintere Haptik herausgestreckt.  
NON utilizzare – aptica di coda allungata verso l'esterno.  
NIET gebruiken – achterste haptisch deel steekt uit.  
NIE używać: tylna część haptyczna rozciągnięta.  
НЕ ИСПОЛЬЗУЙТЕ, если задний гаптический элемент вытянут назад.  
NO utilizar – háptico trasero extendido.



- 14 DO NOT use – should the plunger pass above or under the lens optic or bend the optic irregularly.  
NE PAS utiliser – si le piston entre dans le corps de la lentille ou s'il tord anormalement la lentille.  
NICHT verwenden – Kolben über oder unter die Linsenoptik oder auf ungewöhnliche Weise in der Optik gebogen.  
NON utilizzare – se lo stantuffo passa sopra o sotto l'ottica della lente o piega l'ottica in modo irregolare.  
NIET gebruiken – indien de zuiger boven of onder de optische lens loopt of de optische lens onjuist buigt.  
NIE używać: jeżeli tłok przechodzi powyżej lub poniżej części optycznej soczewki lub zagina tę część w nieregularny sposób.  
НЕ ИСПОЛЬЗУЙТЕ, если поршень проходит над или под оптическим элементом линзы или оптический элемент неравномерно изогнут.  
NO utilizar – si el émbolo pasara por encima o por debajo de la óptica de la lente o doblara la óptica de manera irregular.



- 15 DO NOT use – plunger has moved too far towards the left or right side.  
NE PAS utiliser – si le piston est allé trop à droite ou à gauche.  
NICHT verwenden – Kolben zu weit nach links oder rechts verschoben.  
NON utilizzare – stantuffo posizionato troppo a destra o a sinistra.  
NIET gebruiken – zuiger te ver naar links of rechts bewogen.  
NIE używać: tłok przesunął się zbyt daleko w lewo lub w prawo.  
НЕ ИСПОЛЬЗУЙТЕ, если поршень сдвинулся слишком далеко в правую или левую сторону.  
NO utilizar – el émbolo se ha movido con demasiada rapidez hacia el lado izquierdo o derecho.



- 16 DO NOT use – lens exposed at nozzle tip before insertion.  
NE PAS utiliser – si la lentille a été exposée à l'extrémité de l'embout avant insertion.  
NICHT verwenden – Linse vor dem Einsetzen auf Injektorspitze gelangt.  
NON utilizzare – lente sporgente sulla punta dell'ugello prima dell'inserimento.  
NIET gebruiken – lens bij punt spuitmond blootgesteld voor het inbrengen.  
NIE używać: soczewka wystaje z końcówki dyszy przed wprowadzeniem.  
НЕ ИСПОЛЬЗУЙТЕ, если линза выходит из кончика насадки до введения.  
NO utilizar – lente expuesta en la punta de la boquilla antes de la inserción.

## PRESCRIPTION DEVICE

Caution: This device is restricted to sale by or on the order of an ophthalmologist.

## DEVICE DESCRIPTION

The Avansee™ Preload1P / Avansee™ Preload1P Clear from Kowa Company, Ltd. is a foldable posterior chamber aspheric intraocular lens (IOL) (Fig.2) that is preloaded in a single-use Kowa original injector (Fig.1). The optic of the lens and the modified-C haptics are made from a UV-absorbing hydrophobic soft acrylic material which, in the case of the Yellow type also contains proprietary blue-light filtering. The spectral transmittance of the IOL (Yellow type) closely replicates that of the natural crystalline lens (Fig.3). Prior to insertion, the optical portion of the lens is folded to allow for placement through a small incision. After surgical insertion into the eye, the lens gently unfolds to restore the optical performance.

## INTENDED USE

Kowa's Avansee™ Preload1P / Avansee™ Preload1P Clear IOL is intended to be positioned in the posterior chamber of the eye, replacing the natural crystalline lens. This allows the lens to function as a refractive medium in the visual correction of aphakia.

## INDICATIONS

Kowa's Avansee™ Preload1P / Avansee™ Preload1P Clear IOL is placed in a capsular bag and is designed for implantation after extracapsular cataract extraction or phacoemulsification of cataracts.

## WARNINGS

- Careful preoperative evaluation and sound clinical judgment should be used by the surgeon to decide the benefit/risk ratio before implanting the Avansee™ Preload1P / Avansee™ Preload1P Clear lens in a child or a "special care patient" who has one or more of the following conditions. Before surgery Corneal endothelial damage / Glaucoma / Uveitis / Diabetic retinopathy / Retinal detachment / Congenital ocular anomalies / Choroidal haemorrhage / Shallow anterior chamber / Microphthalmos / Corneal dystrophy / Optic nerve atrophy / Ocular hypertension / Amydriasis / Amblyopia / History of keratoplasty / Iritis / Corneal anomalies / Macular degeneration / Retinal degeneration / Atopic disease / Pseudoexfoliation syndrome and zonular weakness / Zonular rupture and lens luxation (including lens subluxation) / Rubeosis iridis / Patients with intraoperative occurrences of any severe adverse event / or patients who, assessed by a surgeon, require special care for reasons such as an accompanying systemic or ocular disease.
- Prior to surgery, the risks and benefits associated with the implantation of the IOL should be clearly explained by the surgeon to the patient.
- Additional attention is required for "special care patients", including a post-operative follow up by an experienced ophthalmologist with adequate equipment, due to the higher risk of complications and/or insufficient vision recovery. Implantation of the IOL in children should be performed by an ophthalmologist who has sufficient knowledge and experience in paediatric care. This is particularly important when treating a child (under 2 years old) whose small eyeballs can make implantation and the handling of instruments difficult. The chances of IOL exchange are also higher due to the change of eye axial length with the child's growth. Therefore it is important to provide the parents of the young patient with informed consent information prior to any surgery and the IOL should be implanted to the young patients carefully after considering the benefit/risk ratio.
- For active uveitis and a child with uveitis, inflammation should be suppressed by medical treatment prior to intraocular lens implantation, as surgical invasion may cause aggravation of the uveitis or another complication.
- As with any surgical procedure, potential complications accompanying IOL implantation can occur. Adverse events and malfunctions may require discontinuation of the implantation, since they can lead to blindness, permanent problems with visual acuity and grave health hazard or may require IOL extraction and IOL exchange.
- Complications accompanying IOL implantation may include but are not limited to:
  - <Adverse events>
  - Corneal oedema / Keratitis (including corneal erosion) / Corneal endothelial damage / Acute corneal decompensation / Detachment of Descemet's membrane / Conjunctivitis and subconjunctival haemorrhage / Hyphaema / Hypopyon / Iris damage / Iritis (iridocyclitis) / Iris adhesion / Iris prolapse / Abnormal pupil (block, capture, deformation, dilatation, etc.) / Uveitis / Zonular rupture / Posterior capsular rupture / After cataract / Vitreous haemorrhage and opacity / Vitreous prolapse / Detachment, hole, tear, etc. of retinal tissue (including macula) / Retinal detachment / Choroidal detachment / Choroid haemorrhage / Macular oedema and degeneration / Expulsive haemorrhage / Endophthalmitis / Fibrin precipitation /

Secondary glaucoma / Intraocular pressure elevation (including transient elevated intraocular pressure and ocular hypertension) / Intraocular pressure lowering / Dysphotopsia / Deterioration of visual function (visual acuity and contrast sensitivity) / Error of predicted refractive power / Wound leak.

## &lt;Malfunctions&gt;

Optic damage (breakage, scratch, etc.) / Haptic damage (breakage, scratch, detachment, etc.) / Adhesion of foreign bodies on the lens surface / Lens surface reflection / Lens discoloration or pseudocoloration / Lens opacification (including glistening) / Lens luxation / Lens decentration / Lens dislocation / Lens jamming.

- Back-ups for the intraocular lens and the insertion device should be made available prior to surgery as a part of emergency preparations.
- DO NOT re-use the lens. For single use only.
- DO NOT re-sterilise. Re-use or re-sterilisation of any component may compromise the structural integrity of the device and/or lead to device failure which, in turn, may result in patient injury or illness. Re-use or re-sterilisation may also create a risk of contamination of the device and/or cause patient infection or cross-infection, including but not limited to the transmission of infectious disease(s) from one patient to another.
- DO NOT store the lens in direct sunlight or in any hot and humid places. Store the lens at room temperature (between 1 °C and 30 °C) and keep it dry.

## PRECAUTIONS

- Before using this device, please ensure that you have carefully read and understood this document in order to complete the procedure safely.
- This device should be placed in the posterior chamber. Implantation of the lens in the anterior chamber has not been evaluated for safety and efficacy.
- Before opening the Avansee™ Preload1P / Avansee™ Preload1P Clear packaging, confirm the description including the IOL model, lens power, and expiration date located on the label.
- The temperatures of the device and the ophthalmic viscosurgical device (OVD) during use should be kept between 21 °C and 25 °C.
- The inside of the aluminium packaging is not sterile. In a non-sterile environment, remove its contents including the primary (blister) package from the aluminium packaging.
- Should any damage or abnormality be found on the primary package after opening the IOL aluminium packaging, DO NOT use, as the device may no longer be sterile.
- After opening the primary package, the device should be handled aseptically.
- When removing the device from the primary package, ensure to be careful not to drop it.
- Before using the device, carefully examine all parts for damage, or any other abnormality. Should any abnormality be found, DO NOT use it.
- If the lens stage is dislodged before use, DO NOT use it.
- DO NOT remove the lens stage before the injection of the OVD.
- DO NOT open the cap on the injector body.
- If there are any abnormalities during the procedure, immediately stop using this device.
- When implantation has been stopped during the procedure due to an abnormality, DO NOT re-use the device and discard it.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

## &lt;Preparation for lens implantation&gt;

- Prior to implanting, examine the lens package for type, power and proper configuration.
- Open the primary (blister) package and remove the device in a sterile environment.
- Insert the injection needle for the OVD into the inlet located in the cap on the injector body, and fill the nozzle close to the dashed line shown in the diagram (Fig. 4) with the OVD in order to inject at least approx. 0.17 ml.

## &lt;Lens implantation&gt;

- With the Kowa mark portion of the injector body firmly in hand, hold the lens stage between your thumb and middle finger on both sides and support its fore part with your index finger (Fig. 5), and then remove the lens stage slowly away from the injector body towards the nozzle tip (Fig. 6).
- Push the plunger at a slow and constant rate; move the IOL forward and stop it at the point where the IOL optic is rolled and its edges make secure contact (Fig. 7). Once this has been done, immediately (within 20 seconds) place the IOL into the eye.
- Insert the nozzle tip with the bevel down through an incision to just before the central pupillary area (Fig. 8).
- While pushing the plunger ahead at a constant rate release the IOL inside the capsular bag.

品名	アバンシプリロード1P CLEARカイトテンパン	制作日	MC	色	スミアミ				トラップ
本コード	0582-0799-60	2016.7.4	(B)						( )
校		作業者印	AC						角度
仮コード		3校	(野口)						
								朝日印刷株式会社	p6mb9 APP.TB



